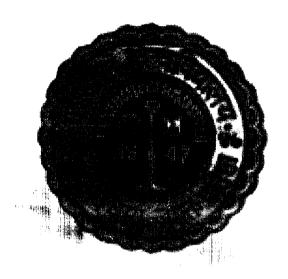
राजस्थान विश्वविद्यालय जयपुर University of Rajasthan



FACULTY OF EDUCATION

SYLLABUS

Integrated Programme of

B.Sc.- B.Ed. Degree (Four Year)

Annual Scheme

Academic Session 2018-19
Examination B.Sc B.Ed Part - II (2019)

Dy. Registrar (Acad.)
University of Rajasthan
JAIPUR

NOTICE

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- 1. Change in syllabus/ordinance/rules/regulations/ syllabi and books may from time to time, be made by mendment or remaking and a candidate shall, accept in so far as the university determines otherwise comply with any change that applies to years he/she has not completed at time of change.
- 2. All court cases shall be subject to the jurisdiction of Rajasthan Univeristy head quarter Jaipur only and not any other place.



B.Sc B.Ed PART - II CONTENTS

SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

SYLLABUS

- 1. *** RAL HINDI (COMPULSORY PAPER)*
- 2. LEDGE AND CURRICULUM (COMPULSORY PAPER)
- 3. LEARNING AND TEACHING (COMPULSORY PAPER)
- 4. PEACE EDUCATION (GROUP A)
- 5. OPTIONAL PAPER PCM AND PCB GROUP (GROUP B)
 - I. CHEMISTRY
 - II. BOTANY
 - III. ZOOLOGY

IV. PHYSICS

MATHEMATICS



Ordinance and Regulations related to the Integrated B.Sc.-B.Ed. Degree

01. The Objective and the Learning outcomes of the Integrated B.Sc.-B.Ed. Degree are-

Ob 82:

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Promote capabilities for inculcating national values and goals as

- To act as agents of modernization and social change.
- To promote social cohesion, international understanding and protection of human rights and right of the child.
- To acquire competencies and skills needed for teacher.
- To use competencies and skills needed for becoming an effective teacher.
- To become competent and committed teacher.
- To be sensitive about emerging issues such as environment, population general equality, legal literacy etc.
- To inculcate logical, rational thinking and scientific temper among the students.
- 10 develop critical awareness about the social issues & realities among the dents.

use managerial organizational and information & technological skills.

Learning disternes:

- 1. Competence to teach effectively two school subjects at the Elementary & secondary levels.
- 2. Ability to translate objectives of secondary education in terms of specific Programmes and activities in relation to the curriculum.
- 3. Ability to understand children's needs, motives, growth pattern and the process of learning to stimulate learning and creative thinking to faster growth and development.
- 4. Ability to use-
- 5. Individualized instruction
- 6. Denamic methods in large classes.
- ility to examine pupil's present effectiveness of their own teaching through the of proper evaluation techniques.

- 8. Equipment for diagnosing pupil progress and effectiveness of their own teachings through the use of proper evaluation techniques.
- 9. Readiness to spot talented and gifted children and capacity to meet their needs.
- 10. Ability to organize various school programmes, activities for pupil.
- 11. Developing guidance point of view in educational, personal and vocational matters.
- ility to access the all round development of pupils and to maintain a cumulative
- ertain practical
 - a. Black board work
 - b. Preparing improvised apparatus
 - c. Preparing teaching aids and ICT.
- 14. Interest and competence in the development of the teaching profession and education. Readiness to participate in activities of professional organizations.

Integrated Programme of B.Sc.-B.Ed. Degree Shall Consist of

i) First Year B.Sc.-B.Ed.

Second Year B.Sc.-B.Ed.

Third Year B.Sc.-B.Ed.

inal Year B.Sc.-B.Ed.

Duration of the Course - Four Years

Examinination after each session in theory papers

Scheme of Examination against each subject separately.

Compulsory Papers:

Year	Paper	
I st Year	Gen. English	
II nd Year	Gen. Hindi	
III rd Year	Computer Application (ICT)	
IV th Y	Environmental Education	

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Group - A: - Subject Specialisation:

Year	Paper
I st Year	Instructional System &
	Educational
II nd Year	Peace Education
III	Guidance and Counselling in School
IV	Physical Education & Yoga

Group-B: Content of Science Subject: - A Student has to opt PCB & PCM Group select any three optional subject (papers) from group B which two must be the school teaching subjects.

I, II & III	
I, II & III	
I, II & III	· ·
I, II & III	
I, II & III	
	I, II & III I, II & III I, II & III

Group : Tedagogy of School Subject 08 A/B: Pedagogy of a School Subject IIIrd Year and IVth Year (candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following, for part-III & part-IV).

HE HE WILLIAM

Pedagogy of Chemistry	
Pedagogy of Biology	
Pedagogy of Physics	
Pedagogy of Mathematics	
Pedage of General Science	
	

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- ❖ In all the subjects the student has to study a minimum of 12 papers in 1st year, 12 Paper in IInd Year. 12Paper in IIIrd Year and 7 Paper in IVth Year (Total 43Papers).
- Each theory paper will carry 100 marks and content base paper 05, 06, 07 (G-will carry 150 marks. (Will partical part). Distribution of marks in thematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7.

School Instruction for B.Sc. Burn Courses

Details of course and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.Sc.B.Ed Course are provided in Tables given below:-

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.-B.Ed. Ist Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper	I	Evaluation	:	······································
Paper	Code		External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.Sc B.Ed. 01	Gen. English(Compulsory)*	100	-	-	:00
II	B.ScB.Ed.	Childhood and Growing Up	80	20	-	:00
III	cB.Ed.	Contemporary india in a section	80	20	-	100
VIII	04 (G-A)	Instructional Type & Educational Evaluation	80	20	-	100
V	B.ScB.Ed	Content				-
VI	05,	(PCB & PCM Group)				
&	06	(Select any Three)				
VII	& 07	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
VII	07	2. Botany (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
!	(G-B)	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
		4. Physics (I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
		5. Mathematics(I,II,III)	40+40+40		30	150
						750

*ELECTIVITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT IDED IN DIVISION.

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Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.-B.Ed. IInd Year

heory	Course Code		External	Internal	Practical	Total
Paper	-B.Ed.	Gen. Hindi (Companio)	100	-	-	100
II 🔠	B 50. B 10.	Knowledge and data than	.8 0	20	-	100
1	02	¥.				100
III	B.ScB.Ed.	Learning and Teaching	80	20	-	100
	03					100
IV	B.ScB.Ed	Peace Education	80	20	-	100
	04					
	(G-A)			<u> </u>	}	}
V	B.ScB.Ed	Content (DCD 6 DCM Cover)			!	
VI	05,	(PCB & PCM Group) (Select any Three)				
&	&	1. Chemistry(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
VII	07		33+34		50	150
	(G-B)	3. Zoology(I,II,III)	33+33+34		50	150
		4. Physics (111.11)	33+33+34		50	150
1		5. Mathematics (1,11,111)	40+40+40		30	150
						+
VIII		OPEN AIR SAW CAMP 1. Community Service		25		100
		2. Survey (Based on		25		
		social and educational				
		events)		25		
		3. Co-Curricular		23		
		Activities 4. Health and Social		25		
		4. Health and Social awareness programme				1
		(DISASTER				
		MANAGEMENT AND				•
		CLEANINESS)				85

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Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.-B.Ed. IIIrd Year

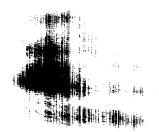
	urse	Title of the Paper	E E	valuation		
	ode	1 小熊旗帆。	External	Internal	Practical	Total
	- B.Ed.	Information & Communication Technology (Compulsory)	60	-	40 (30+10)	100
	B.Ed. 02	Language Across the Curriculum	80	20	-	100
•	B.Ed- 04 G-A)	Guidance and Counseling in School	80	20	-	100
VI & VII	B.Ed 05. 06 & 07 G-B)	Content (PCB & PCM Group) (Select any Three) 1. Chemistry(I,II,III) 2. Botany (I,II,III) 3. Zoology(I,II,III) 4. Physics (I,II,III) 5. Mathematics (I,II,III)	33+33+34 33+33+34 33+33+34 40+40+40		50 50 50 50	150 150 150
V	(a,b)	Pedagogy of a School Subject (part-1), Is Ind Year(candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following for part-1 & other for part-2). 1. Chemistry 2. Biology 3. Physics 4. Mathematics 5. General Science	80	20	30	150
racticum		Special Training Programme Micro Teaching Practice Son Observation Lesson	機(4 1) [1]		10 50 05	100

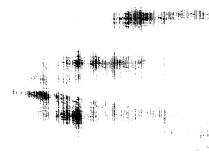
	Technology Based	05	
	Lesson	20	
i·	Criticism Lesson	10	
	Attendance /Seminar/ Workshop		
	The state of the s		100
			950

^{*}ELIGIBILITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE INCLUDED IN DIVISION.

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.-B.Ed. IVth Year

Theory	Course	Title of the Paper		Evaluation		······································
Paper ————	Code		External	Internal	Practical	Total
I	B.ScB.Ed.	Environmental	100	-	-	100
	01	Education(Compulsory)*	<u>'</u>			
I	Se - B.Ed.	Creating and inclusive action	80	20	-	100
III	102	Understanding Thinkings and Subject	80	20		- 100
115%	03	bully con	60) 20) -	100
ΓV	B.ScB.Ed.	Physical Education & Yoga	80	20	-	100
	04(G-A)			:		
V	B.Sc -B.Ed.	Gender, School and Society	- 80	20	-	100
	05					
VI	B.Sc -B.Ed.	Assessment for Learning	80	20	-	100
	06					. • •







1777	B.Sc-B.Ed.	Pedagogy of a School Subject (part-2) 8	0 20	- 100
	08(a,b)	, Ist & IInd Year(candidate shall be		
		required to offer any two papers from		
		the following for part-1 to other for part-2).		
		1. Chemistry		
		2. Biology		
		3. Physics		
	terili i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	4. Mathematics		
		5. General Science		
Practicum		1. Practice teaching	50	
!		2. Block Teaching (Participation in	20	
		School Activities Social Participation in		
į 		Group)	10	
		3. Report of any feature of school /		
		case study/action research	20	100
		4. Criticism Lesson		
		Final Lesson 10	00	100
		e de dien dente.		800

* ITY CRITERION ON PASSING MARKS BUT MARKS SHALL NOT BE IN THIRDED IN DIVISION.

Four Years Integrated Course Scheme of B.Sc.-B.Ed.

Compulsory Papers*

Year	Paper
Ist Year	Gen. English
II Year	Gen. Hindi
III Year	Computer Application (ICT)
IV Year	Environmental Education

Compressory Paper

	A Comment			-	ir jusiji.
	Par	oer 🖠	14:1		
Ist Year 1.	Childhood and	Grown	ig Up		
	Expression mporary	India a	4		14

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		Education		
II nd Year	3.	Knowledge and curriculum		
	4.	Learning and Teaching		
III rd Year	5.	Language Across the Curriculum		
IV th Your	6.	Creating and inclusive school		
	٦٦.	Understanding Disciplines and		
		Subject	/ .i.e	
	8.	Gender, School and Society	120	
	9.	Assessment for Learning	•	
	3 ::	***************************************		

Group – A: - Subject Speciliasation :

Year	Paper
I st Year	Instructional System & Educational
II nd Year	Peace Education
III rd Year	School
IV th Year	Physical Education & Yoga

Group B: (PCB and PCM Group) (Select any three)

- 1. Classistry (I, II, III)
- y (I, II, III)
- y (I, II, III)
- 5. Physister, m, m)

Group C: Pedagogy of School Subject 08 A/B: Pedagogy of a School Subject IIIrd Year and IVth Year(candidate shall be required to offer any two papers from the following, for part-III & part-IV).

Pedagogy of Chemistry	
Pedagogy of Biology	
Pedagogy of Physics	
Pedagagy of Mathematics	
Pec of General Science	
	F!

- ❖ In all the subjects the student has to study a minimum of 12 papers in 1st year, 12 Paper in IInd Year. 12Paper in IIIrd Year and 7 Paper in IVth Year (Total 43Papers).
- Fach theory paper will carry 100 miles ontent base paper 05, 06, 07 (Gwill carry 150 marks. (With practical part). Distribution of marks in thematics is according to the will exclude the base paper 05, 06, 07 (Gwill carry 150 marks in thematics is according to the will be sometiment base paper 05, 06, 07 (Gwill carry 150 marks in the will carry 150 marks.)

Schenger Instruction for BBe - B.Ed Courses

Details of courses and scheme of study, titles of the papers, duration etc. for B.Sc-.B.Ed Courses are provided in Tables given below:-

Years	Papers	Marks
l Year	12Paper +Practical	600 +150= 750
II Year	12Paper +Practical +Practicum	600 +150+100= 850
III Year	12Paper +Practical + Practicum +Final Lesson	600 +150+ 100 +100 = 950
IV Year	7 Paper +Practical + Practicum +Final Lesson	600+ 100 +100= 800
Total	43Papers	2400 +550+200 +200= 3350

O. The objectives of the practical work prescribed for the Integrated Programme of B. Degree (Four Year) are follows:

PARTI

Practical Work

Objectives:

To develop the ability and self-confidence of pupil teachers:

- 1. To be conscious of sense of values and need for their inculcation in children through all available means including one's own personal life.
- 2. Possess a high sense of professional responsibility.
- 3. Develop resourcefulness, so as to make the best use of the situation available.
- 4. Appreciate and respect each child's individuality and treat him as independent and regrated personality.
- buse the curiosity and interest of the pupils and secure their active participation in functive process.

- 6. Develop in the pupil's capacity for thinking and working independently and guide the pupils to that end.
- 7. Organize and manage the class for teaching learning.
- 8. Repreciate the dynamic nature of the sais situation and teaching techniques.
- fine objectives of particular coops and plan for their achievements.
- hize the prescribed subject- matter in relation to the needs, interest and abilities of
- 11. Use the appropriate teaching methods and techniques.
- 12. Prepare and use appropriate teaching aids, use of the black board and other apparatus and material properly.
- 13. Convey ideas in clear and concise language and in a logical manner for effective learning.
- 14. Undertake action research.
- 15. Give proper opportunity to gifted pupils and take proper care of the back-ward pupils.
- 16. Co-relate knowledge of the subject being taught with other subjects and with real life
- pare and use assignments.
 - ante pupil's progress
- 19. Promised degenize co curricus and vities and participate in them.
- 20. Co-operates with school teachers and administrators and learns to maintain school records and registers.

Practical skill to teach the two school subjects offered under Theory papers VIII A/B and the following:

- 1. Observation of lesson delivered by experienced teachers and staff of the college.
- 2. Planning units and lessons.
- 3. Discussion of lesson plans, unit plans and lessons given (including criticism lesson)
- 4. Organization and participation in co-curricular activities.
- 5. Setting follows up assignment.
- distration in terms of educational objectives use of teachers made tests &
- 7. The debt work.

- 8. Practical work connected with school subjects.
- 9. Preparation and use of audio visual aids related to methods of teaching.
- 10. Experimental and laboratory work in chemistry, botany, zoology, physics, and mathematics subjects of experimental and practical nature.
- dy of the organization of wark and activities in the school.
- vation and assistance in the health education programme.
- 13. The second assistance in the guidance programme.
- 14. Maintenance of cumulative records.
- 15. Techniques of teaching in large classes.
- O. 322 A candidate has to deliver at least 40 lessons (20 Lessons of one teaching subject in 3rd year & 20 Lessons of other teaching subject in 4th year) in a recognized school under the supervision of the staff of the college shall be eligible for admission to the examination for the degree of B.Sc.-B.Ed.

Notes :-

- Teaching subject means a subject offered by the candidate at his/her running B.Sc-Ed. course either as a compulsory subject or as an optional subject provided that the didate studied it for at least the course. Thus the qualifying subjects like General the General Hindi Education and Environment Education. Prescribed for B.Ed. course the University or a subject dropped by candidates at the part I stage of the degree course shall not be treated as teaching subjects.
- ii. Only such candidate shall be allowed to offer General Science for the B.Sc B.Ed Examination who had studied Chemistry and any one subject of life science i.e. Biology, Botany or Zoology.
- O.323 No candidate shall be allowed to appear in the Integrated B.Sc/B.Ed examination I,II,III & IV Year unless he/she has attended (80% for all course work & practicum, and 90% for school internship)
- O.324 The examination for Integrated B.Sc.-B.Ed. for Four Year shall be in two parts-part comprising theory papers & part 2 practice of teaching in accordance with the name of examination laid that the time to time.
- O. Integrated B.Sc-B.Ed examination in part lor/ part 2 the ducation may be sent themselves for re-examination there in at a

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subsequent examination without attending a further course at an affiliated training college.

Provided that a candidate who fails in any one of the theory papers and secures at least 48% marks in the aggregate of the remaining theory papers may be allowed to appear in the examination in the immediately following year in the paper in which reshe fails only. He secure hall be declared to have passed if he secures minimum passing marks prescribed for the paper in which he appeared and shall be deemed to have secured minimum passing marks only prescribed for the paper (irrespective of the marks actually obtained by him) for the purpose of determining his division in accordance with the scheme of examination. The candidate shall have to repeat the whole examination in subsequent year in case he fails to clear the paper in which he failed.

O.326 Candidates who fail in the Integrated B.Sc-B.Ed. examination part 1 and part 2 only in the practice of teaching may appear in the practical examination in the subsequent year provided that they keep regular terms for four calendar months per year and give at-least 40 lessons (20 in part 1 & 20 in part 2) supervised lessons.

A candidate who complete a regular course of study in accordance with the vision laid down for ordinance, at an affiliated teacher's training college for four academic year but for good reasons fails to appear at the Integrated B.Sc-B.Ed. examination may be admitted to a subsequent examination as an Ex-student as defined in 0.325 or 0.326 Above.

O.326 B: No candidate shall be permitted to appear as an Ex-student at more than one subsequent examination. The Integrated B.Sc-B.Ed programme shall be of duration of four academic years, which can be completed in a maximum of five years from the date of admission to the Integrated B.Sc.-B.Ed. Degree.

Regulation 42:-

Scheme of Integrated B.Sc-B.Ed Four Year Pramination

The Interested B.Sc-B.Ed. (Four years) will consist of the following components;

Particular in theory papers at BSc III. In Integrated B.Sc.-B.Ed II Paper nos. are 02, 03 at the each session are theree hours carrying 100 marks (80 for theory + 20 for sessional) each. Compulsory paper of 100 marks and optional Paper 05, 06, 07 (G-B). in

each session are three hours carrying 150 marks (100 marks theory 50 marks practical). Distribution of marks in mathematics is according to their marking scheme in page no.7. VIIIth paper practicum carrying 100 marks.

Particle Teaching - Micro Teaching, Internship, Practice Teaching of 20 weeks (10 at BEd Year III & 10 at B Sc.-BEd Year IV) Block Teaching, Criticism and Final Lesson III & IV Year per teaching subject.

Organization evaluation of practice teaching:

- 1. Every candidate will teach at-least 40 lessons (20 in III Year & 20 in IV Year) during practice teaching session. At least ten lessons in each subject should be supervised.
- 2. 40 (20+20) lessons as desired in the syllabus should be completed as full period class room lesson. Micro teaching lesson to be used in addition to those 40 lessons for developing certain teaching skills.
- 3. A minimum of ten lessons in each subject will be supervised evaluated by the subject cialist or a team of specialists of the subjects.
 - and large, the evaluation of the performance in the practical teaching will be based to the last ten lessons in the object when the student has acquired some competence and skills of teaching.
- 5. The internal assessment in practice of teaching will be finalized by the principal with the help of members of the teaching staff and the same will be communicated to the university before the commencement of the practical each year.
- 6. At Integrated B.Sc-B.Ed III Year each candidate should be prepared to teach one lessons at the final practical examination. At the Integrated B.Sc-B.Ed IV Year examination and the should be prepared to teach two lessons (one in each subject). The external liners may select at least 10% of the candidates to deliver two lessons in

7. There will be a board of Examiners for the external examination for each college which will examine each candidate in at-least one lesson and a minimum of 15% in two lessons (one in each of the two subjects).

board of Examination will consist of:

the mincipal of the college concerned

- (b) A principal or a senior and experienced member of the teaching staff of another training college, affiliated to University of Rajasthan.
- (c) An external examiner from outside the University of Rajasthan or a senior member of the teaching staff of an affiliated training college.
- (d) The board as far as possible will represent Social science, language and science.
- 9. Approximately 50 lessons will be examined by the board each day.

Working out the result and awarding the division:

endidate in order to be declared successful at the Integrated B.Sc-B.Ed. I, II, III & Part I (Theory) and Part II (Practice of Teaching).

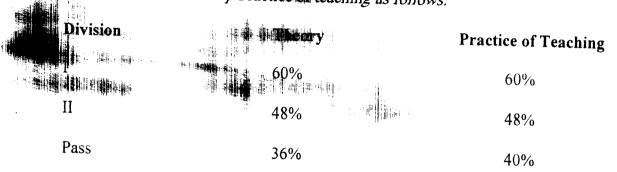
- (2) For a passing in Part I (Theory) a candidate shall be required to obtain at-least (a) 30 percent marks in each theory paper and sessionals (24 marks out of 80 and 6 marks out of 20); (b) 30% marks in each theory paper and sessional (11 marks out of 35 & 4 marks out of 15) (c) 36 percent marks in the aggregate of all the theory papers.
- (3) For passing in Part II (school internship Practice of Teaching) a candidate shall be required to obtain separately at-least-

percent marks in the external examination.

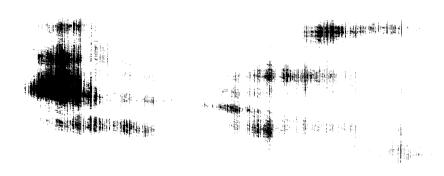
perpent marks in interest assessment

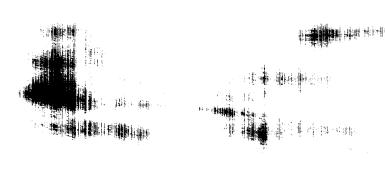
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(4) The successful candidates at Integrated B.Sc.-B.Ed Four Year Examination obtaining total marks will be classified in three divisions and shall be assigned separately in theory and school internship Practice of teaching as follows:



The practical work record shall be properly maintained by the college and may be made available for work satisfaction of external examiner in school internship (practice teaching), those are expected to submit a report regarding this separately.





Registrat (Acad.)

V. Registrat (Acad.)

University of Rajasthan

JAIPUR

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पूर्णांक

न्यूनतम उत्तीर्णाक 36

नोट श्री के तारे घर छात्री हैं। इसाम नहीं कियां जायेगा। इस प्रश्न-पत्र में प्राप्त अंकों को श्रेणी निवास के तहीं जाएंगा। अंक विमाजन प्रश्न के दो माग होंगे । साहित्य खण्ड एवं 2. व्याकरण खण्ड। साहित्य खण्ड में दो भाग होंगे – गद्य माग एवं पद्य भाग। प्रत्येक खण्ड के लिए 50 अंक निर्धारित है।

Acquire

क दो व्याच्या महा के किया है स्विकार हैना है)

ख दो व्याच्या गृह्म के (विकास किया है)

ग आलोक तत्व का किया है (विकास के किया है)

ह आलोक तत्व का किया है (विकास के किया है)

ह आलोक तत्व किया है (विकास के किया है)

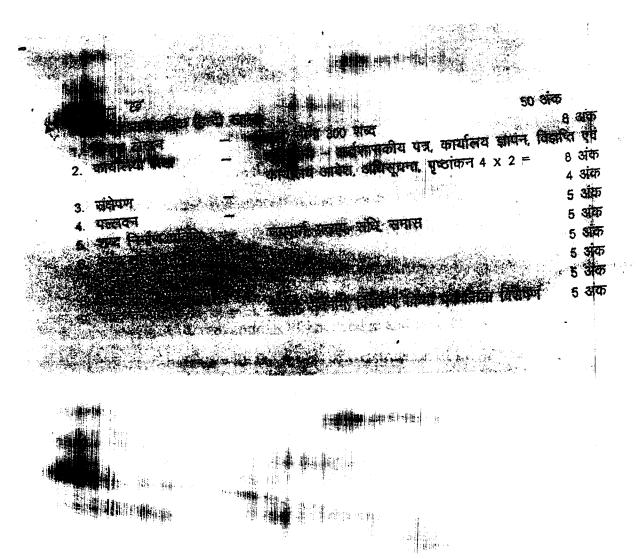
ताहित्य खण्डं — या :- यदा-मदा की निर्धासिक एवनाएँ गद्य भाग -

1. कर्मा — प्रेस्थन्द — बहे साई सास्त्र तिवायदान वेशा विश्वास और कीआ कर्मावास मिन प्रमालिस के ज्वार की उन लहरों में प्रमाल कर्मा प्रमाल कर्मा मुन्दा ग्रह अगस्यन्द माहट — राजस्थान की सांस्कृतिक धरोहर विश्वास — शरद जोशी — जीप पर सवार इल्लियाँ 7. पर्यावरण — अनुसम मिश्र — आज भी खरे हैं तालाब

पद्य भाग :- (कबीर ग्रंथावली से सं - श्रममसुंदर दास)

1 कडीर साखी सं. – युक्तदेव को अंग – 7.12.26,30 सुनरन की अंग - 10,17,24,26 विसह को अंग - 2,6,10,18 2. स्रदास सहसागर सार सं. डॉ. धीरेन्द्र वर्मा विषय भवित एवं सं. - 21,33 पीकुल लीला पद सं. - 55,58 वृंदायन जीवा पद सं - 10.28 उद्ध्य स्थानिक सं - 177,79 विनय पत्रिका, गीताप्रेस, गोरखपुर पद सं. - 87,88,90,156,158 वासी व वसेतम स्वामी पद सं - 1,3,4,5,10 5. कार्म प्रकावली संपादक विद्यानिवास मिश्र, गोविन्द रजनीश (दोहावली) 186,191,211,212,214,218,219,220,223,224 का जाका किए करते हैं (गीत-साकेत के नवम अग्र स) 6. मा विहार सूर्यकान्त त्रिपाठी निराला वह तोड़ती पत्थर संच्विदानंद हीरानंद वात्स्यायन 'अझेय' APUR -- हिरोशिमा

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B. Sc. - B.Ed. - 02 PART-II KNOWLEDGE AND STRICULUM

MARKS: 100

Objective

After Completing the course the students will be able:-

- To Provide awareness and understanding towards knowledge and curriculum.
- To create excellence in the educational system for facing the knowledge of challenges of the twenty first century.
- To realize the importance of curriculum modification.
- To examine the different sources of knowledge and their kinds.
- To familiarize students with the proess of construction of knowledge.
- To trans form pupil-teacher's into a vibrent knowledge-based society.

Unit I - Concept And Facts Of Knowledge

- Meanward Nature of knowledge
- Distance of the Distance of the Period of
- Different less of knowledge and it rationship such as Local and universal, concrete and Abstract, Theoretical and Practical, School and out of school.

Unit II - Child's Construction Of Knowledge

- Sources of knowledge: Empirical knowledge Vs Revealed knowlege.
- Different kinds of knowledge:
 - a) Disciplinary knowledge: Concepts and Alternative concepts
 - b) Course content knowledge: Criteria of Selection and concerns
 - c) Indigenous knowledge Vs Global knowledge
 - d) Scientific knowledge Vs Religious knowledge

Unit III Concept Of Curriculum

• Market, Nature and objectives of aurriculum, Need for curriculum in schools

• between curriculum and syllabus

Factor and strong curriculum

Various types of curriculum - subject centered, Experience centered, A

ivity Centered,

Dint IV : Curriculum Planning and Transaction

- Constant State Curriculum
- Modern Carriedium Development Brown Barelin Bobbit, Ralph Tyler, Hilda
 Tat
- Curried and Constitution of Reliable Constitution of the Constit

Bnit- Y.School's The Site of Commonline Engagement

- Role of School Philogophy Context for transacting the conformation of the context for transacting the conformation of the context for
- Role of Infrastroctorial stational light of the Control of Contr
- School Culture and Organizational criticisms the context for Teachers's Work.
- Teacher's role and Support is "Developing Curriculum, Transactiong Curriculum and Research Curriculum": realities and expectations.

Test

- 1. Canada 1 10 Marks
- 2.24
 - Servingual personal memory and servingual and servingual metal works.

 - Reviewstant described to the card author.
 - Propagation of the propagation o

eterences-

- 1. Aggrawal, J.C. (2005) Recruicity Commission 2005: Major Observation and Recommendation, Educational Reforms in India for the 21" Century. New Delhi, Shipra
- 2 B. Principles of Carlotte Reconstruction. New Delhi, Kanishka

and sand sand in Education. New Delpt & 3 17 23

R.Lal Book Depot.

- 4. Marketty, M. and Ravishankar, S. (). Charletten Development and Educational cology. New Delhi, Sterling Problems PLtd.
- Lie Saluration (Reprint Addition 2013)
- 7. Ramesh Shukla (2005) Problem of Education (2005), New Delhi, A.P.H. Publishing corporation.
- 8. Soti and shame An Control Chiment Educational Thikers of India, Agra R.S.A. International Partners of Landia, Agra R.S.A.
- 9. www. Knowledge and the State of the
- 10. www.ncort.nic.in.
- 11. www.takingglobal.org/exprest/article.html?cid-178



B.Sc. B.Ed - 03

PART=

Learning and Teaching

MARKS -100

Obji

After control to the course the student in be able:

- 1. To get acquainted with the concept, principles and nature of teaching and learning.
- 2. To understand the different learning styles based on the difference of learners.
- 3. To study the relationship between teaching and learning and the factors which influence learning
- 4. To make use of modern information and communication technology to improve teaching-learning process.
- 5. To understand learning as a process of communication and be aware of various resources available for making it effective.
- 6. To study and analyze the socio cultural factors influencing cognition and learning.
- 7. To study and understand learning in constructivist perspective.
- 8. Letter acquainted with professional ethics of teaching profession.
- 9 the new trends and innovations involved in teaching learning process with purity signal othics.

Unit I - Learning and Teaching Process

- Teaching: Meaning, Nature, Principle, Levels, Phases and maxims of teaching.
 Difference of training and instruction from teaching.
- Learning: Meaning, Nature, Factors affecting learning and types of learning
- Relationship between teaching and learning, Resource and their development for promoting teaching learning process.

Unit II - Source of Effective Teaching Learning

- Effective teaching: Meaning, component and parameters of effective teaching, classroom instruction strategies, Teacher behavior and classroom climate. (Flander's intraction analysis system)
- tional objectives in terms of loom a taxonomy.

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- Programming Learning: Concept, principles and types of programme learning.
- Concept of micro teaching, various teaching skills

Unit III Educational Technology

- attonal Technology: Meaning I mentione and Approaches.
- if teaching: Meaning Assumptions and Fundamental elements of a model of a
- Communication: Concept, Elements and Communication skills, Teaching Learning process as the communication.

Unit IV - New Trends in teaching learning due to technological innovation

- Analysis and organisation learning in diverse class room: Issues and concerns.
- Team Teaching, Panel discussion, Conference, Symposium, Workshop, Cooperative learning, Group discussion, Brain storming- issues and concerns with respect to organise teaching and learning process in a classroom such as study habits, self learning, learning skills

Unit V Teaching as profession:

- thes of teaching, professional growth of a teacher
- slips and strength of a teacher to familie challenges in present Era.
 - ince of reorientation and training programmes for pre-service and In-service

Test and Assignment:-

1. Class Test

10 MARKS

2. Any One

10 MARKS

- Preparation and practical implication of at least two technical learning resources (transparencies, Power Point Slides, Animated Videos)
- Identify the learning need of the learner in diverse class room with regard to their abilities, learning styles, socio cultural difference, learning difficulties and their implication for class room teaching.
- essional development of teaching organized by the school/ training college/ any agencies.

 Conduct and Interview of any two students with multilingual background and face the problems in teaching learning process.

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- 3. Biehler Robert and Snowman Jack(1991), "psychology Applied to Teaching"; Houghton Mifflin company, Boston.
- 4. Buzan Tony (2003), "Brain Child"; Thorsons, An Imprint of Harper Collins, London.
- 5. Coleman Margaret (1996), " Emotional and Behavioral Disorders"; Allyn and Bacon, Bostan.
- 6. Erickson Marian (1967), "The Metally Retarded Child in the classroom"; The macmillan company
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- 8. Goldman Daniel (2007), "Social Intelligence Looks, London.
- 9. If the Renneth (1999), "Educational Psychology For Effective Teaching"; Wadsworth the Shing Co. Belmont, california
- 11. New Delhi

 11. New Delhi
- 12. National Curriculum Framework 2005, N.C.E.R.T, New Delhi.
- 13. Osborn Alex (1971), "Your Creative Power"; Saint Paul Society, Allahabad, India.
- 14. Pringle M.K. and Varma V.P.(Ed) (1974), "Advances in Educational Psychology" University & London Press, London
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- 16. Sharma Tara Chand (2005), "Reading Problems of Learners"; Sarup and Sons. New Delhi

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17. Sousa David (2001), "How The Brain Learns"; Cowin Press, Inc. A Sage Publication Company, California.

PART- II
PEACE EDUCATION

MARKS-100

The course will enable the student teachers -

- To understand the concept of peace education.
- To acquire the knowledge about peaceful mind makes peaceful world.
- To understand the theory and practice of peace education
- To understand the philosophical thoughts for peace.
- To promote awareness about the existence of Conflicting relationships between people, within and between nations and between nature and humanity.
- To create frameworks for achieving Peaceful and Nonviolent societies.

UPOC Concept of Peace

- tive peace and Positive peace,
- Peace Peace absence of war and abolition of war, as the minimum and elimination of itelence, as removal of structural violence, Peace with Justice, Peace and Nonviolent liberation technique (Satyagraha) and Disarmament.
- Positive peace: Positive Interpersonal relations, Peaceful resolution of Conflict,
 Peace and Development, Alternative defense, living with nature and preserving
 Life and Eco system and Holistic Inner and Outer Peace.

Unit -2: Introduction of Peace Education

- Meaning, Concept, need, aims and objectives of Peace Education.
- Asamiversal value

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of Rajasthan

- Role of Social Agencies: Family, Religion, Mass Media, Community, \$chool,
 NGO's, Government Agencies in promoting peace education.
- Current Status of Peace Education at Global Scenario.
 - 3- Basis of Peace Education
- Skills required for Peace Education (WHO)
 - bf Feace Education Conflict management, Conservation of Environment
- Charles Peace- Stress, Conflict, Crimes, Terrorism, Violence and Modernization.
- Strategies and Methods of teaching Peace Education- Meditation, Yoga, Dramatization, Debate and etc.

UNIT 4.Effective Teaching of Peace

- Peace Education for Life and Life long education, Peace Education and Removing the Bias towards Violence
- Model of integrated Learning -Cooperative Learning, Group Discussion, Project Role Play, Story Telling, Rational Method Case Analysis and tion analysis,
- Research, International classroom, International Parliament, Peace Awards, techniques, mechanisms and institutions for building up peace and Engaging students in Peace Process.

Unit 5- Transacting Peace Education & Role of Social Agencies:

- Integration of Peace Education through curricular and co-curricular activities
- Programmes for Promoting Peace Education UNESCO
- Addressing challenges to peace in Multicultural Society.
- Role of Great personalities in promoting Peace: Gautam Buddha, M.K. Gandhi, Nelson Mandela, Mother Teresa

Tasks and Assignments

Rej Tais 73/ Acad.

1. Class Test

10 marks

2. Any one

10 Marks

- Prepare a Role Play of Great Personalities who worked/contributed towards
 - Jane.
- nize an activity in schools to promote Peace.
- Treport on Gandhi mal Peace
- Write about the contribution of any two Noble prize winners for Peace.
- Prepare an album of Indian Philosophers and write their thoughts on peace.

REFERENCES:-

- 1. Adams.D (Ed) (1997) UNESCO and a culture of Peace: Promoting a Global Movement. Paris UNESCO.
- 2. Aber, J.L. Brown, J.L.A. Henrich, C.C. (1999) Teaching Conflict Resolution: An effective.
- 3. Dr.Haseen Taj (2005) National Concerns and Education, Neelkamal Publishions.pvt.Ltd
- 4. Dr. Taj (2005) Current challeges in Education, Neelkamal
- 5. Mahash Bhargava and Haseen (a) (2006) Glimpses of Higher Education. Rakhi Prakashan, Agra-2
- 6. Wttp://www.un.org/cyberschoolbus/peace/content.htm.

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बी एस सी, बी एड - 05/06/07, (G.B.) पार-II

HEMISTRY

Max Marks: 150 Duration (hrs.)	Max Make Hall to 1	Min. Pass Marks
Pa 3 3	4 de 133 34	36
	50	18

Note: 10 (14) questions are to be set the enve (02) questions from each unit. Candidates have to answer the consistency of the smooth selecting at least one question from each unit.

2 . Paper-I: Inorganic Chemistry (2 hrs or 3 periods/week)

Unit-1

Chemistry of Elements of First Transition Series:

Characteristic properties of d-block elements. Properties of the elements of the first transition series, their binary compounds and complexes illustrating relative stability of their oxidationstates, coordination number and geometry.

Chemistry of Elements of Second and Third Transition Series:

General characteristics, comparative treatment with their 3d-analogues in respect of ionic radii. ovulation magnetic behaviour, spectral proposition stereochemistry

on (ompounds:

edination theory and its experimental verification, effective atomic number concept. tenchaire of coordination compounds, isomerism in coordination compounds, manager ransition metal

Chemistry of Lanthanide and Actinide Elements:

Effectionic structure, oxidation states, tonic radii and fanthamde contraction, complex formation, occurrence and isolation of lanthanide compounds.

Concral features chemistry of separation of Np. Pu and Am from U. electronic configuration, oxidation still imagnetic properties, complexation behavior, comparison of lanthanides and actimides super heavy elements.

Unit IV

Oxidation and Reduction:

Local Reduce Processual data, malysis of redocated evedox stability in water. From Latinger and Ponthus disersing Application of redox distance extraction of elements

Unit-V

Acids and Base

Theories: Arrhenius, Bronsted-Lowry, Lux-Flood, Solvent system concept and Lewis concept of

Non-a us Solvents:

operaties of a solvent, types of solvents and their general characteristics, reactions in s solverus with reference to liquid hard liquid SO2

(2 Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

Electromagnetic Spectrum: An Introduction

Absorption Spectroscopy

Ultraviolet (UV) spectroscopy - Absorption laws (Becr-Lambert Law), molar absorptivity, presentation and analysis of IV spectra, types of electronic transitions, effect of slovents on transitions, effect of conjugation. Consept of chromophore and auxochrome. Bathochromic, hypsochromic, hyperchromic and hypochromic shifts. UV spectra of conjugated dienes and enones.

Infrared (IR) spectroscopy - Molecular vibrations, Hook's law, selection rules, intensity and position of IR bands, measurement of IR spectrum, fingerprint region, characteristics absorption of various functional groups and interpretation of IR spectra of simple organic compounds.

Unit-

lassification and nomenclature

alcohols - Methods of formula production of aldehydes, ketones, carboxylic ers. Hydrogen bonding. Acidic tature. Reactions of alcohol with mechanism. District plant and the process of th

Phenots

Nomenclature structure and bonding Preparation of Phenols Physical properties and acidic character Cumparative acidic strength of alcohols and phenols. Reactions of phenolselectrophilia aromatic substitution, acylation and carboxylation. Mechanisms of Fries rearrangement Ellisen rearrangement. Gatterman synthesis. Hauben-Hoesch reaction. Lederer-Manasse reaction and Reimer-Tiemann reaction

Ethers and Epoxides

Method, of formation physical properties Chemical reactions - cleavage and autooxidations

Synthesis of choydes. Acut and base could sed ring opening of spoxides, orientation of epoxy

ring opening feactions of Grignard and organolithium reagents with epoxides.

Unit-III

Aldehydes and Ketones

Structure of the carbonyl group. Syntheses of aldehydes from acid chlorides, synthesis of aldehydes and ketones using 1,3-dithianes, syntheses of ketones from nitriles and from carbon lineacids. Physical properties.

Mechanism of nucleophilic additions to carbonyl group with particular emphasis on benzoin. in and Knoevenagel condensations fundensation with ammonia and its derivatives. Wind Lipn, Mannich reaction. Oxidation of allehydes, Baeyer-Villiger oxidation of ketones. raction. MPV (Meervein-Pondrof-Verley). Clemmensen, Wolff-Kishner, LiAlH, reductions. Halogenation of enolizable ketones. Use of acetals and 1,3-dithiane as Protection 1

Unit-IV

Carboxylic Acids

Structure and bonding, physical properties, acidity of carboxylic acids, effects of substituents on acid strength. Preparation of carboxylic acids. Reactions of carboxylic acids, Hell-Volhard-Zelinsky reaction. Reduction of carboxylic acids, mechanism of decarboxylation.

Methods of formation and chemical reactions of halo acids. Hydroxy acids - malic, tartaric and

Dicarboxylic acids: methods of formation and effect of heat and dehydrating agents (succinic,

Carboxylic Acid Derivatives

Structure, nomenclature and synthesis of acid chlorides, esters, amides and acid anhydrides, Relative stability of acyl derivatives. Physical properties, interconversion of acid derivatives by

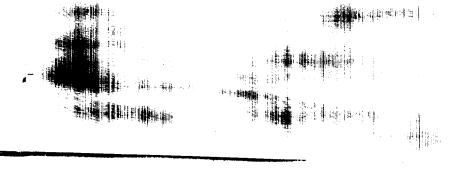
Preparation and Preparation an hydroland basic).

Mounds of Nitrogen

the treatment and national less. Chemical reactions of nitroalkanes. Mechanisms of ditution in nitroarenes and the intermediate in a cidic neutral and alkaline media

Amines. Structure, nomenclature and preparation of alkyl, and aryl amines (reduction of nitro compounds intriles), reductive amination of aldehydic and ketonic compounds. Physical properties, stereochemistry of amines. Separation of a mixture of primary, secondary and tertiary amines. Structural features effecting basicity of amines. Amine salts as phase-transfer catalysts. Gabriel-plane reaction and Hoffmann bromamide reaction with mechanism.

Reactions of antinest electrophilic aromatic substitution in aryl animes, reactions of amines with nitrous acid. Diazonsation and mechanism. Synthetic transformations of aryl diazonium salts.



Paper III: Physical Chemistry (2 Hrs. or 3 periods/week)

UNIT-I

Thermodynamics - 1

Definition of Thermodynamic Terms: System, surroundings, etc. Types of systems, intensive and extensive properties. State and path functions and their differentials. Thermodynamic process to recept of heat and work.

process of the and work.

First of Thermodynamics: Statement, definition of internal energy and enthalpy, heat leaf capacities at constant volume and pressure and their relationship. Joule's law son coefficient and inversion temperature. Calculation of w. q, dU & dH for the plealeases under isothermal and adiabatic conditions for reversible process

Thermochemistry Standard state, standard enthalps of formation, Hess's law of heat summarity that lications. Heat of maction at constant pressure and at constant volume Enthalpy of neutralization. Bond dissociation energy and its calculation from thermo-chemical data, temperature dependence of enthalpy. Kirchhoff's equation.

UNIT-II

Thermodynamics -II

Second Law of Thermodynamics: Need for the law, different statements of the law. Carnot cycle and its efficiency, Carnot-Theorem. Thermodynamic scale of temperature.

Concept of Entropy : Entropy as a state function, entropy as a function of V&T, entropy as a function of P&T, entropy change in physical change. Clausius inequality and entropy as a criteria of spontaneity and equilibrium. Entropy change in ideal gases and mixing of gases.

Third Law of Thermodynamics Nernst heat theorem, statement and concept of residual entropy, evaluation of absolute entropy from heat capacity data. Gibbs and Helmholtz functions: Gibbs function (G) and Helmholtz function (A) as: thermodynamic quantities. A & G as criteria for thermodynamic equilibrium and spontanenty, their advantage over entropy change. Variation of Games with P. V and T.

Chemis Equilibrium:

Equilibrium and free energy. Thermodynamic derivation of law of mass action. Le Char principle Reaction Isotherm and remedua isochore Clapeyron equation and Clausius-ម្ភីព្យាហ្សា applications. 🔞 🔠

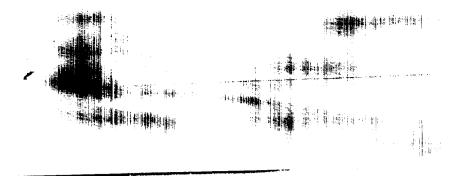
Phase Equilibrium: statement and meaning of the terms phase component and degree of licedani, derivation of Cubbs phase rule, phase equilibria of one component system - water, CO2 and sulphur systems

Phase equilibria of two component system - solid-figuid equilibria simple eutectic Bi-Cd, Pb-

Ag systems desticerization of lead.

Solid solutions: compound formation with Congruent melting point (Mg-Zn) and incongruent melting point (NaCl-(15O) System Freezing mixtures acctone dry ice.

Liquid-Liquid mixtures Ideal liquid mixtures. Raoult's and Henry's law. Non ideal system -azeotropes, HC1/1/O and ethanol-water systems. Partially miscible liquids: phenol-water 1 ower and upper consolute temperature, effect of impurity on consolute temperature Nernes harrbeition lay. The consideration derivation, application



UNIT-IV

Electrochemistry - 1

Electrical transport-conduction in metals and in electrolyte solutions, specific conductance and equivalent conductance, measurement of equivalent conductance, variation of equivalent and specific conductance with dilution.

Migration of ions and Kohlrausch law. Arrhenius theory of electrolyte dissociation and its limit weak and strong electrolytes. Ostwald's dilution law, its uses and limitations. Debye-limitation and strong electrolytes. Ostwald's dilution law, its uses and limitations. Debye-flucked basauer's equation for strong electrolytes determination only). Transport nutrition and determination by Historf's method and moving boundary method.

And the of conductivity measurements the of acids determination of solubility productors.

Electrochemistry -II

Types of reversible electrodes. Gas-metal- ion, metal-metal ion, metal-insoluble salt anion and redox electrodes, electrode reactions. Nemst equation, derivation of cell E.M.F. and single electrode potential, standard hydrogen electrode, reference electrodes, standard electrode potential, sign conventions, electrochemical series and its significance.

Electrolytic and Galvanic cells - reversible and irreversible cells, conventional representation of

electrochemical cells. EMF of a computation of cells EMF. Calculation of thermodynamic quantities of cell reactions (AG, AH and K), polarization, over potential and hydrogen overvoltage.

Concentration cell with and without transport, liquid junction potential, application of concentration cells. Valency of ions, solubility product and activity coefficient, potentiometric

Definition of pH and pK_a, determination of pH using hydrogen quinhydrone and glass electrodes. ha metric methods.

d Books:

piciples of Physical Chemistry is the Sharma and M. S. Pathania. Test Book of Physical Chemistry 15 Negrand S. C. Anand.

新疆國東東海南東西 Physical Calendar A Takan Oxford University General Chemistry, C. R. R. R. Mac Millan

> Chemistry Practicul 1. Laboratory Course-II (4 hrs or 6 periods / week)

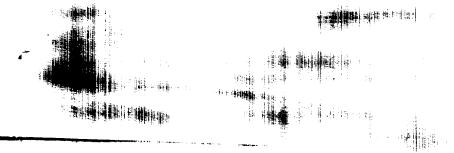
Inorganic Chemistry

(i) Prepagaina of Standard Solutions

Dilation - 0.1 M to 0.001 M solutions

(ii) Volumetric Analysis

- car Determination of aceric acid in commercial vinegar using NaOl1
- the Determination of alkali content in antical tablet using HCl
- 6.43 stimution of calcium content in cludk a calcium oxalate by permanganometer



- (d) Estimation of hardness of water by EDTA
- (e) Estimation of terrous and terric by dichromate method
- (f) Estamation of copper using thiosulphate
- Gravimetric Analysis
 - (a) Cu as CuSCN
 - (b) Ni as Ni (dimethylglyoxime)

Organic Chemistry

beatory Techniques

Thin Layer Chromatography

Determination of R₁ values and identification of organic compounds.

Separation of green leaf pigments (appreciate leaves may be used).

paration and separation of 2.4-dinitrophenylhydrazones of acetone, 2-butanone. xan-2-one and hexant was using toluene and light petroleum (40-60) solvent

- (c) Separation of a mixture of dyes using cyclohexane and early acetate (8.5 : 1.5)
- B. Paper Chromatography: (scending and Circular

Determination of R_i values and identification of organic compounds.

(a) Separation of mixture of phenylalanine and glycine. Alanine and aspartic acid. leucine and glutamic acid. Spray reagent - ninhydrin.

Separation of a mixture of DL - alanine, glycine and I.-Leucine using n-butanol: acetic acid: water (4:1.5), Spray reagent-ninhydrin.

Separation of monosaccharides a mixture of D- galactose and D-Fructose Using n-butanol acetone: water (4:5:1) Spray reagent -aniline hydrogen phthalate.

(ii) Qualitative Analysis

Identification of two organic compounds (one solid and one liquid) through the functional group analysis, determination of melting point, boiling point and preparation of suitable derivatives.

hemistry

insition Temperature

Determination of the transition to the given substance by thermometric plometric method to g Mn(1,4460) SrBr. 211(0)

Mochemistr

to determine the solubility of the analysis of the first of the solution process.

b) To determine the enthalpy of neutralization of a weak weak base versus strong base/ strong acid and determine the enthalpy of ionization of the weak acid / weak

determine the cuthalpy of solution of solid culcium chloride and calculate the lattice energy of calcium chloride from its enthalpy data using Born-Haber cycle...

(iii)Phase Equilibrium .

:- | | |

a) To study the effect of a solute (e.g. NaCl, succinic heid) on the critical solution temperature of two partially miscible liquids (e.g. phenol-water system) and to determine the concentration of that solute in the given phenol water system.

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b) To construct the phase diagram of two components (e.g. diphenylaminebenzophenone) system by cooling curve method.

(iv) Distribution law

a) To study the distribution of iodine between water and CCl₄.

b) To study the distribution of benzoic acid between benzene and water.

(Instructions to the line in the line

Chemistry Practical 1.

Duration of Exam:5 hrs.

Minimum Pass Marks:18

loorgania (Burning)

Ex. 1 Volumetric Analysis

1,1

Gravimetric Analysis as mentioned in the syllabus

16

12

Organic Chemistry

Ex. 2 Identification of two organic compounds (one solid and one liquid) through the functional group analysis, determination of melting point, boiling point and preparation of suitable derivatives.

Perform one experiment out of the experiments on thin layer and paper chromatography given in syllabus.

Physical Chemistra

Ex. 3 Perform one of the physical chemistry experiments as mentioned in the syllabus. 12

Ex va-voce 5 5 50

Boom Course In

The Chemistry I wilking on and P.L. Caus Wiley

3. Concepts of Models of Inorganic Chemistry B. Douglas. 13. McDaniel and J. Alexander, John Wiley.

4 Inagganic Chemistry, D.F. Shriver P.W. Atkins and C.H. Langford, Oxford,

5 Individue Chemistry, W. W. Porterfield Addison Wesley

6 Inorganic Chemistry, A.G. Sharpe, FLBS

7 Inorganic Chemistry, G.I. Aliessler and D.A. Farr, Prentice Hall.

8. Organic Chemistry, Morrison and Boyd, Prentice Hall.

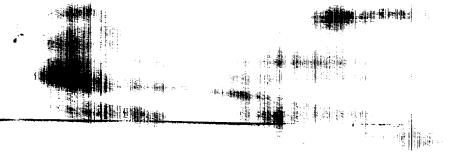
9 Drainte Chemistry, I. G. Wade Ji. Prennee Hall

10 Land as and at Organic Chamister Schomons John Wiles

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Organic Chemistry Vol. 1, 11, III S.M. Mukherji, S.P. Singh and R.P. Kapoor, Wiley 11 Eastern I.td. (New Age International)

Organia Chemistry, F.A. Carey, McGraw Hill, Inc. 12.

Introduction to Organic Chemistry, Streitwicser, Heathcock and Kosover, Macmilan. 13.

Physical Chemistry, G.M. Barrow, International Student Edition, McGraw Hill. 14.

Basic Programming with Application, V.K. Jain. Tata McGraw Hill. 15.

Computers and Common Sense, R. Hunt and Shelly, Prentice Hall. 16.

17. University General Chemistry, C.N.R. Rao, Macmillan.

hasical Chemistry, R.A. Alberty, Wiley Factor Identification of Physical Chemistry, P.W. 1988. Oxford. 18. 19.

sical Chemistry Through problems, S.K. Dogra and S. Dogra. Wiley Eastern Ltd.

sted (Laboratory Courses)

Constitutive inorganian activities, revised. Svehla. Orient Longman.

Constitutive inorganian activities and pair (revised). J. Bassett. R.C. Dene(). 3

Standard Methods of Chemical Analysis, W.W. Scott. The Technical Press.

4. Experimental Inorganic Chemistry, W.G. Palmer. Cambridge. 5.

Handbook of preparative Inorganic Chemistry. Vol [& II, Braver, Academic Press. 6.

Inorganic Synthesis, McGraw Hill.

7. Experimental Organic Vol I & II, P.R. Singh, D.S. Gupta and K.S. Bajpai, 'rata McGraw

Laboratory manual in Organic Chemistry, R.K. Bansal, Wiley Eastern. 8.

Vogel's Textbook of Practical Organic Chemistry, RS. Furniss, Hannaford, V. Rogers, 9. P.W.G. Smith and A.R. Tatchell, ELBS. 10.

Experiments in General Chemistry, C.N.R. Rao and U.C. Agarwal, East-West Press. 11.

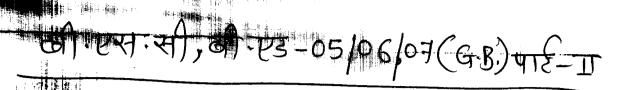
Experiments in Physical Chemistry, R.C.Das and B. Behra, Tata McGraw Hill Advanced Practical Physical Chemistry, J.13. Yadav, Goel Publishing House. 12.

13.

Advanced Experimental Chemistry, Vol. 1-Physical, J.N. Gurtii and R. Kapoor, S. Chand

gred I speriments in Physical Chemistal Butterfee. In Ghjose& Sons

timents in Physical Chemistry, J.C. Ghosh, Bharati Bhavan.



Scheme

his duration are duration. ors duration

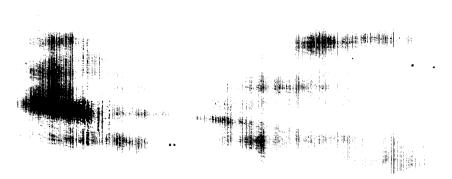
Max. Marks 33 Max. Marks 33 I has duration Max Marks 34 Max. Marks 50 3 hours 4 bours

Max Marks: 100

Duration of each theory paper-Duration of practicals.

Note

- 1. There will be 5 questions in each paper. All questions are Candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.
- 2. 0 % will have 18 very short answer type Questions (not more than 20 words) of half
- 3. Face paper is divided into four units. There will be one question from each unit. These



The Pinelline state

PAPER-I Molecular Biology and Biotechnology

Unit-1

. hrs week)

Genetic Material: Biological ches ... and physical effectedity material. Structure of was a warson and Crick model of DNA Nucleosome

arion: Mesetson Stations periment of semiconservative replication of DNA; RNA Re-fragments, polymona, DNA-Protein interactions.

A damage and repair.

.......

Unit-2

Central dogma of life. Transcription in eukaryotes: role of promoter, gene, pre mRNA synthesis, pre-mRNA processing, capping, splicing and polyadenylation.

Translation genetic code (codon) Indistion, elongation and termination,

Regulation of gene expression in prokaryotes and eukaryotes: Negative and positive control. attenuation and antiternimation. Reverse transcriptase and its application.

Biotechnology (1997) a definition Basic aspects of Plant tissue culture, basal mediting media preparation and asept technique. Concert totipotency: Caliasing. Differential and morphogenesis. Micropropagation: Tissue culture and its applications. Basic oplast culini. Vallet culture. Embryo culture and their applications.

Recombining the PNA technology. Levels and a second in DNA technology - Restriction transfer Bacteriophage, plasmids, consider and Amificial chromosome CDNA techniques, some amphibication. Polymerase chain reaction. Application of PCR technique DNA tingerprinting and its uses. Application of Biotechnology and Transgenic

Printing Fair Mich. 1.

Med a preparation

3. Aseptic culture technique

Explant culture-shoot tip, nodal segment 4.

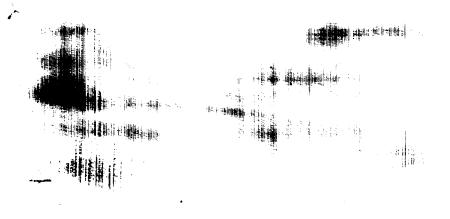
DNA isolation from plant parts

Gel electrophoresis technique

Miderular Biology Rassogi Publicatios,

and Philips Plans Call, Tissue and Organ cultue

- 3. Dnyansagar, VR. (1986). Cytology and Genetics, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd. New
- 4. Verma, PS. and Agarwal, VK. (2012). Cell Biology, Genetics, Molecular Biology, Evolution and Ecology, S. Chand and Co. Ltd. New Delhi.
- 5. Alberts, B., Bray, DJ, Raff, M. Roberts, K. and Wasson, LD. (2001). Molecular Biology of Cell. Garland Publishing Co., Inc., New York
- 6. Micklos DA Freyer, GA and Crotts DA (2003). DNA Science a first course (Second Ed.). Cold Spring Harbor Leboratory Press, NY, USA,
- 7. Razdan, MK (1993) An Introduction to Plant Continue Oxford & IBH Publishing
- tales. AF. (1988). Handhook (all the property culture. Publication & Information
- S. and Muthur. SK. the michaelogy fundamentals and applications.
- 10. Rana, SVS. (2012). Biotechniques theory & practice (Third Ed.). Rastogi Publicatios,



Paper-II PLANT PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMINIRY (2 hrs/week)

Unit-1

Wiger Structure, physico-chemical properties, importance to plant the concept of water potential. Assembly and transport of the Ascent of tag the latter stomatal movement. factorial transport of tration

Materal partition: Essential micro and macro nutrients; their uptake, hydroponics-and nutrient deficiency and toxicity symptoms

organic substances. Mechanisms of philoem transport, factors regulating the

Photosynthesis: Pigments. Photosynthetic apparatus, light reaction, photo system 1 & 11. Z scheme, photophosphorylation, C3 (Calvin cycle), C4 cycle, and factors affecting the

Respiration: Aerobic and anaerobic respiration: RQ (Respiratory Quotient), Kreb's cycle, electron transport system, oxidative phosphorylation, and factors affecting the process. Fermentation,

Unit-3

Curtivity drates Introduction, importance, nomenclature, classification, molecular structure & function of mono. if a douglass narides, their properties, glycosidic linkages and glycoprotein

Programs. Value acids-structure, electrochemical properties, popular hands, chemical bonds and no encourse insecture and classification of proteins physical and chemical properties

Lazymes. Structure, nomenclature & classific and the commence of mesm of action, multi-enzyme system, regulation of enzyme activity.

new of fatty acids (saturated and unsuburated). Alpha and Beta oxidation. BINT

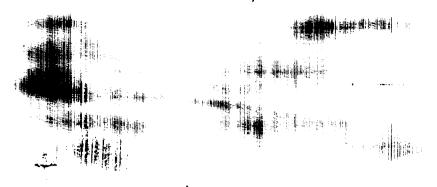
and application of secondary included ites

development Seed dormancy and germination, plant movement, Bis ogical clock their regulatory factors

Pheroperiods in & vernalisation physical a sad mechanism of action concept of florigen and

Planchormone auxins gibberellins extokionis et a uc and ABA; discovery & physiological effects,

Suggested Repdings



Parassar A N. and Bhatia K. N.: Plant physiology Trueman Book

nn. V. K.: Fundamentals of plant physiology. S. Chand & Company Ltd.,

seema. S. K. and Verma, M. A textbook of plant physiology, biochemistry and biotechnology, S. Chand Ltd., 2000.

critical V. Textbook of plant phistology. ANE Books India, 2007

Plank C. P. and Srivastical S. K. Textbook of plant physiology. Kalyani

agreises:

1, and the eletermine the osmotic potential and an eap by plasmolytic method.

lu study the permeability of plasma membrane using different concentrations of the cifect of terre

stare of permeability of plasma membrane.

To separate chloroplast pigments by solvent method.

To separate chloroplast pigments using paper chromatography.

to separate amino acids in a mixture by paper chromatography.

in prepare the standard curve of protein. 8

to demonstrate the tests for proteins in the unknown samples.

For demonstrate the enzyme activity - Catalase, peroxidase and amy lase

10 for demonstrate the tests for different types of carbohydrates and lipids.

Bloassay of growth hormone (auxin, extokinin, gibberellin)

Octionstration of phenomenon of asmosis by use of potato osmometer

- demonstrate root pressure

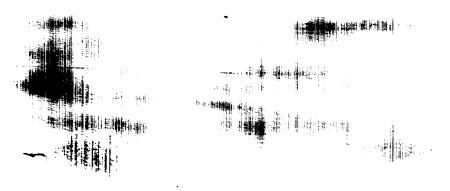
o demonstrate rate of transpiration by use of potentiers

15. Photosynthesis by inverted funnel method rnotosynthesis by inverted funnel method and aerohal artifician

34 107

W. by Ganong's respirometer

businement of growth using a



Paper III Pteridophytes, Gymnosperms & Palaeobotany (2 hrs./week)

Unit-1

General characters of Pteridophytes, Classification (G.M. Smith). Distribution and alternation of generation. Stelar system in Pteridophytes. Eusporangiate and leptosporangiate development of angia. Apogamy, and Apospory Economic importance of Pieridophytes.

L note that the second anatomy and reproduction of Pototum, Selaginella Equisetum and Marsilea. stics of Gymnosperms. distribution and classification (K.R.Sporne).

Morphology, anatomy, reproduction and life cycle of Cycas, Pinus and Ephedra. Economic impartance of Gymnosperms.

Unit-4

Process of fossilization, types of fossils, techniques of study of fossils. Geological time scale Presentive land plant Rhyma, Fossil Pteridophytes reconstructed plants-Lepidodendron and Calamirgs Tossil Gymnosperm- Williamsoma

Suggested Laboratory Exercises:

of external morphology, anatomy of version and reproductive parts of Psilotum, inella, Equiserum and Murvileu

featernal morphology, anatom and reproductive parts of Cycas. F.phedru

Thospis and Tales of females THE PARTS OF COOLUMN

Suggested Readings

Bool 114 Nevopolous () and Dekengy 1 1987 Mogeticines of Plant and Fungi (5th). thoper and Louisers New York

Consider Memor Foster, A.S. 1988, Morphologic and Law officer of Viscolar Plants, W.H.

THE STATE OF STATE OF

Sharma, O.P. Pteridophytes. 2000. Today and Temorrow Publications.

Sarahhar, R.C. and Saxena, R.C.1990, A.t. a book of Botany, Rastogi Publications, Meerut.

Sporne, K.R. 2002. The Morphology of Gyonosperms, B.I. Pub. Pvt. Ltd., Mumbai, Kolkata.

Vasnishta, P.C. 2002. Preridophytes. S. Chand & Co.New Delhi

We say 1 2 and Represente G. W. 1995 Prodesign and E. Sallicon of Plants. (2nd Ed.).

Handey, P.C. & Jain, D.K.201.

BOTANY PRACTICAL EXAMINATION STORES

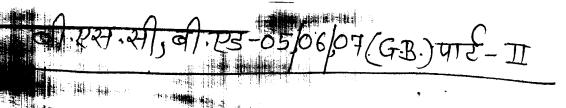
SKELETON PAPER

TIME: 4 Hours

S. No.	1900 114 114	I'IME: 4 Hou	rs
l(a)	i stical	Regular	Ex N
1(b)	Exercise based on molecular in Biotechnology	5	- 3
2	ased on molecular biology	5	F 5-
31	Perform the given physiological experiment and write the principle, procedure, results based on observations and precautions involved.		7
4	observation giving reasons.	3	3
	Make a suitable preparation of material "A" (Pteridophyte) (vegetative/reproductive part). Draw a labelled sketch.	5	5
5	Make a suitable preparation of material "B" (Gymnosperm) (vegetative/reproductive part). Draw a labelled sketch. Identify giving	5	5
6	Actiment upon sputs (1-5)		
	I is a - Voce	10	15
	actical record	5	5
		>	-
*	HIAMERINE TOTAL	50	50

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Zoology

Scheme:

Max Marks: 100

Min. Marks: 36

Paper I	: 3 Hrs duration	33 Marks
Paper II	: 3 Hrs duration	33 Marks
Paper III	: 3 Hrs duration	34 Marks
Practical		
1 sactical	: 4 Hrs duration	50 Marks

There will be two parts of every theory question paper with a total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise of question No. 1 containing 9 (Paper I & II) 10 (Paper III) very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 this part is compulsery to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed cring entire syllabus.

sections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part, i.e., three from each unit /section out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 questions selecting at least one question from each unit/section. Each question will carry 6 marks.

The candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

PAPER - I: STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION OF INVERTEBRATE TYPES

NOTE:

There will be two parts of this theory question paper with a total duration of 3 hours. Plat part of question paper will comprise of question No. 1 containing 9 very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of I mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus.

Second part of question paper will be of the analysis type questions having three ections. There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part, i.e., three from acti unit /section, out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 questions recting at least one question from talk and section. Each question will carry 6 marks. candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

Habit, Habitat, Morphology, Structure, Organs and Systems (Locomotion, Digestive, Circulatory, Respiratory, Excretory, Nervous & Reproductive), Life Cycle, Affinities

Note: " indicates whenever required.

de la concentration de la ater Prawn), Scorpion, Periplaneta, Grasshopper, Apis. Onychophora: Peripatus.

Section - B

Habit, Habitat, Morphology, Structure, Organs and Systems (Locomotion, Digestive, Circulatory, Respiratory, Excretory, Nervous & Reproductive), Life Cycle, * Affinities and

Note: * indicates whenever required.

Mellusca: Pila, Unio, Sepia

Echinodermata: Asterias, Echinus, Cucumaria.

Hemichordata: Balanglossus and its phylogenetic significance

rate Adaptations

Salient features of Hemichordata Evolution of canal system of speaker

Parasitic adaptations in Helminthes.

leal organization in termited and honey bees.

ar system of starfish 7.

Crustacean larvae & mouth parts of insects. 8.

Parasitism in Crustacea.

PAPER - II: ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

NOTE:

There will be two parts of this theory question paper with a total duration of 3 hours. First part of question paper will comprise of question No. 1 containing 9 very short answer (Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus.

Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three security There will be total 9 questions (Q. No. 2 to 10) in this part, i.e., three from each unit /section, out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 questions selecting at least one question from each units the transition will carry 6 marks.

candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

tysiology with special reference to mammals

the log of figestion: Mathematical stress of digestive enzymes and their digestive action

the alimentary canal.

The alimentary canal.

The alimentary canal. blood clotting: heart beat; cardiac cycle; blood pressure; body temperature regulation. 3 Physiology of respiration: Mechanism of breathing: exchange of gases: transportation

of oxygen and carbon dioxide in blood: regulation of respiration.

- 8

ysiology of excretion. Rinds of nitrogenous excretory end products (ammonotelic, uncotable and ureotelic); roll of liver in the formation of these end products. Functional architecture of mammalian kidney tubule and formation of urine; hormonal regulation of water and electrolyte balance (Homeostasis).

Section - B

Regulatory aspects of Animal Physiology

Physiology of nerve impulse and reflex action: Functional architecture of a neuron, origin and propagation of nerve impulse, synaptic transmission, reflex arc.

Physiology of muscle contraction: Functional architecture of skeletal muscles; chemical and biophysical events during contraction and relaxation of muscle fibers. 3.

Types of endocrine glands, their secretions and functions: Pituitary, adrenal, thyroid, pancreas, testis and ovary. 4.

Physiology of Reproduction: Hormonal control of male and female reproduction. implantation, parturition and lactation in mammals.

peliminary idea of neurosecretion, hypothalmic control of pituitary function.

Section 1

Charbohydrates: Structure, function and dignificance; oxidation of glucose through excolysis, Kreb's cycle and oxidative phosphonylation; interconversion of glycogen

rectiyate in liver; role of insulin and glucagon.

Proteins: Structure, function of distribution, essential and non-essential amino of animal actions: determination, transmission, decarboxylation.

Synthesis of protein and urea, tate of ammonia (Ornamine cycle), fate of carbon

3. Lipids: Structure, function and significance; Beta-oxidative pathway of fatty acids; brief account of biosynthesis of triglycerides. Cholesterol and its metabolism.

Paper - III: Immunology, Microbiology & Biotechnology

NOTE:

There will be two parts of this theory question paper with a total duration of 3 hours. Firelapart of question paper will comprise of question No. 1 containing 10 very short Maximum 25 words) type questions, each of 1 mark. This part is compulsory to attempt. Questions should be evenly distributed covering entire syllabus.

Second part of question paper will be of long answer type questions having three sections. There will be total 9 questions (1997) in this part, i.e., three from th unit /section, out of which candidate will be required to attempt any 4 questions eeting at least one question from act multipartion. Each question will carry 6 marks. candidate has to answer all questions in the main answer book only.

Serion - A

Immunology: Definition, types of immunity: innate and acquired; humoral and mediated, Organs of immune system.

Antigen and antibody: Antigenicity of molecules, haptens, antibody types

Antigen-Antibody reactions: Precipitation reaction, agglutination reaction, distributing reaction, completely and lytto reactions and phagocytosis.

Immunity Regulating Cells: Mecrophages, lymphocytos (B and T-Types) T-helper cells, T-Killer cells, plasma cells and memory cells. Mechanism of humoral or antibody mediated immunity and cell mediated immunity.

Section - B

Microbiology

Brief introduction to the History of Microbiology: Work of Anatony Van Leeuwenhoek, theory of spontaneous generation, germ theory of fermentation and disease: Works of Louis Pasteur, John Tyndall, Robert Koch and Edward Jenner.

The Prokaryota (Bacteria): Structural organization:

Size, shapes and patterns of arrangement. (i)

Structural organization: Slime layer (capsule), cell envelopes: cytoplasmic (ii) membrane (inner membrane). Cell wall (outer membrane) of Gram-negative and Gram-positive bacteria; mesosmes; cytoplasmic organization; cell projections: flagella and cilia.

Genetic material of Bacteria: Chromosome material DNA.

Reproduction in Bacteria: Asexual reproduction, binary fission, budding, endospore formation, exospores and cyst formation; sexual reproduction, conjugation.

Microbial Nutrition : Culture of backens

Carbon and energy source Nitrogen and minerals

A separate growth factors

Pnvironmental factors: Temperature and pH

Bacteria of Medical Importance:

Gram-Positive

Cocci: Staphylocci, Streptococci

Bacilli: Diptheria, Tetanus.

Gram-Negative

Cocci: Gonnorhea, Meningitis

Bacilli: Diarrhoea

Mycobacteria: Tuberculosis, Leprosy (iii)

6.

Section - C

Definition, history, scope and application of biotechnology, major areas of biotechnology (microbial, plant and animal biotechnology).

Wectors for gene transfer.

Basic concepts of animal cell, tissue, organ and embryo culture.

Senetic engineering (outline idealogical) applications of genetic engineering, hazards

Recombinant DNA technology applications and their applications, PCR. DNA finger applications foot printing. Recombinant Boot printing. Recombination and their applications.

Monoclonal antibodies and their applications.

Brief account of cloning: its advantages and disadvantages.

Bictechnology in medicine (outline idea only), antibiotics, vaccines, enzymes, salumins, artificial blood.

of Rajasthan

nvironmental Biotechnology (putling idea only): Metal and petroleum recovery, pest the water treatment Food, drink and dairy biotechnology (outline idea only). Fermented food production: dairy products, wine, beer, vinegar and food preservation.

B.SC. B.Ed PART-II

Practical - Zoology

Min. Marks: 18

4 Hrs. / Week

Max. Marks: 50

dy of Museum Specimens:

un hropoda

ALCOHOLD THE

Spider, Scorpion, Centipede, Milisede, Lepas, Balanus, Squilla, Eupagurus, Crab, Mantis, Honey-bee, (queen, king, worker) Locust, Silkworm Moth, Beetle, White grub.

Chiton, Aphysia, Cypraea, Mytilus, Pearl Oyster, Dentalium, Loligo, Nautilus.

Pentaceros, Echinus, Ophiothrix, Cucumaria, Antendon.

Balanoglossus.

Echinodermata

Hemichordata

11. Study of Microscopic Slides:

Arthropoda

V.S. of integument (cuticle): Pediculus, Bedbug, Termite and its castes, Cyclops. Daphnia, crustacean larvae (Nauplius, Metanauplius, Zoea, Mysis, Megalopa, Phyllosoma), statocyst

of present the last

V.S. of shell, T.S. gill of Pila, T.S of gill of

Cine Glochidium larva.

Anatomy:

Prawn!Squilla

External features, appendages, alimentary canal

and nervous system; Hastate Plate

Larval forms

External features, pallial organs and nervous system; osphradium, radula.

IV. Study of the Following Through Permanent Slide Preparation:

- (i) Study of different cell types -Blood smear (Wrights or Leishman stain).
- (ii) Ospharadium, gill lamella and radula of pila.
- (iii) Statocyst and Hastate plate of Prawn/Squilla

Microbiology Immunology and Biotechnology:

- 1. Preparation and use of culture media for microbes.
- 2. Study of microbes in food materials like curd, etc (Gram +ve & Gram-ve bacteria, Aspergillus, Mucor, Rhizopus, Penicillium, Alternaria and Fusarium).
- Guestional tour to any Microbiology laboratory/ Dairy/ Food processing factory/ Distillery. Collection of the may also be encouraged wherever possible. Candidates are required to submit a detailed report of the visit.
 - Antigen-antibody reactions-precipitation, agglutination.

Wimal Physiology:

- Counting of red and white blood cells in the given blood sample.
- 2. Estimation of hemoglobin in the given blood sample.
- 3. Estimation of haematocrit value (PCV) in the given blood sample.
- 4. Demonstration of enzyme activity (catalase) in liver.
- 5. Study of salivary digestion of starch and the effect of heat and alcohol on salivary digestion of starch.
- Study of histological structure of major endocrine glands of mammals.

VII. Biochemistry:

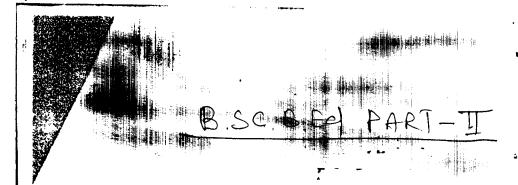
- 1. Detection of protein, carbohydrate and lines in the animal tissue/food samples.
- dentification of different kinds of mono-, di- and poly-saccharides in the given food samples.

Circular Paper chromatography of dyes/amino acids.

foj Vai

TRESPOSTATION (Acad.)

(B.)



Scheme of Practical Examination Distribution of Marks

Time: 4 Hrs.

Min. Pass Marks.: 18

Max. Marks: 50

	Regular	Ex. /N.C. Students
Anatomy (any system)	6	5
2. Permanent Preparation	4	6
Microbiology/immunology/Biotechnology	4	6
xercise in Animal Physiology	5	6
reise in Biochemistry	5	6
6 Mapification and comments on Spites (1 to 8)	16	16
7. Viva Voce		5
8 Class Record	5	•
	50	50

Notes:

- 1. Anatomy: Study of systems of the prescribed types with the help of dissection.
- 2. With reference to microscopic slides, in case of non-availability, the exercise should be substituted with diagrams/ photographs.
- 3. Candidates must keep a record of all work department presented class and submit the same and inspection at the time of the practical examination.
- coursing material for permanent preparations would be as per the syllabus or as
- 5 In the practical exercises are not covered under the wild life act 1972 and amendments made subscripting.

Dy. Registrat (Acdd.)

Dy. Registrat (Acdd.)

University of Rejasthan

University of Rejasthan

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nded Books:

nes R. D: Invertebrate **State Control**, W. B. Saunders, 1969.

Barrington EJW: The Biology of Hemichordata and Protochordata. Oliver & Boyd, 3. London 1965.

Barrett KE, Barman SM, Boctano, S and Brooks HL. Ganongs: Review of Medical 4. Physiology. 24th edition Mc Graw Hill Education India Pvt. Ltd., 2012.

Berril NJ: The Tunicates. The Roy Society, London. 5

Brusca RG and Brusca GJ. Invertebrates. 2nd edition Sinauer/Panima Books, 2003. 6

Cooper GM and Hausman RE: The Cell: A Molecular Approach. 6th edition ASM Press Washington, DC/ Sinauer/Panima Books, 2013.

Conn EE. Stumpf PK, Bruening G, Doi, RH: Outline of Biochemistry. 5th edition. 8. John Wiley & Sons, 1987.

De Robertis EDP and De Robertis Jr EMF: Cell and Molecular Biology. 8th edition 9. Lippincot Williams & Wilkins, 2006.

Third R. Burggren Wand French K: Eckert Animal Physiology. 5th edition W H Freeman & Company, New York, 2001.

Eckert R, Randall D. J. Burggen W. Bekert Animal Physiology and Burggren WW & Co. Ltd., 1997.

Fox SI: Human Physiology. 8th edition McGraw Hill Education 2003.

Gardner EL, Simmons MJ and Stillisted TP: Principles of Genetics 8th edition John Liev & Sons, Inc., 2005.

Guese A. C: Cell Physiology at Edition, Saunders, 1973.

Goldsby RA, Kindt TJ and Osborne BA: Kuby Immunology. WH Freeman and Co.

- New York, 2002.
- 17. Grant: Biology of Developmental System
- 18. Gupta PK. Genetics: Classical to Modern. Rastogi Publications, 2007.
- Hall JE: Guyton and Hall Textbook of Medical Physiology. 12th edition Saunders 19. Publications, 2010.
- Hill RW, Wyse GA, Anderson M: Animal Physiology. 3rd edition Sinauer Associates 20. Inc.USA, 2012.
- 21, Hyman LH: The Invertebrates, Vol. 6, Mc Graw Hill.
- Jordan EL and Verma PS: Invertebrate Zoology. S. Chand & Company Ltd., 2012.
- Karp G: Cell & Molec Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2013. Cell & Molecular Biology: Concepts and Experiments. 7th edition John
- 24. Kotpal RL: Modern Text Book of Zoology: Invertebrates. Rastogi Publications, 2012.
- 25. Lal SS: Practical Zoology Invertebrate. 11th revised edition Rastogi Publications,
- Lehninger AL: Biochemistry. 2nd edited and pani Publishers, 1991.
- SS: Practical Zoology Invertebrate. 11th revised edition, Rastogi Publications, 2014.

Lehninger AL: Biochemistry, Kalyani Publisher, 2008.

Molecular Cell Biology Co. Krieger M, Bertscher A, Ploegh H, Amon A, Scott M Molecular Cell Biology Co. Krieger M, Bertscher A, Ploegh H, Amon A, Scott M Molecular Cell Biology Co. Krieger M, Bertscher A, Ploegh H, Amon A, Scott M Mac Millian High Education (International Collicial England, 2013.

Meyers R. A: Molecular Biology and Biotechnology (A comprehensive Desk References John Wiley & Sons, 1995.

Murphy K: Janeway's Immunotory Carland Science; 8th edition, 2011. Nethon DL and Cox MM. Lehninger Principles of Biochemistry. 5th edition W. H. Freeman, 2008.

Medican DL and Cox With Celininger Principles of Biochemistry. 6th edition W. H. Freeman, 2013.

Owen J, Punt J, Stranford S: Kuby Immunology. 7th edition WH Freeman & Co. Ltd., 34.

Old RW and Primrose SB: Principles of Gene Manipulation: An Introduction to 35. Genetic Engineering. University of California, 1980.

Sastry KV: Animal Physiology and Biochemistry. 2nd edition Rastogi Publications. 30. 2014-15.

Vander AJ. Sheerman J, Liciano D: Human Physiology: The Mechanics of Body : - . Function. Mc Graw Hill Co., New York, 1998.

Verma PS and Jordan EL: Invertebrate Zoology. S Chand & Co. Ltd. New Delhi. 38. 2001.

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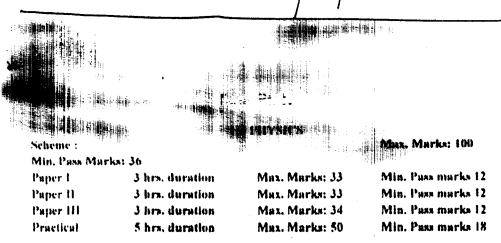
Voet D and Voet JG: Biochemistry. 4th edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., 2011.

Voet D and Voet JG: Biochemistry, John Viley & Sons, New York, 1990. Verma PS: A Manual of Practical Invertebrates. S. Chand & Co. Ltd. New Delhi, 1971.

Worl Dand Voet IG: Biochemistry, Continuo, John Wiley & Sons Inc., 2011.

Wake MH: Hyman's Comparative Vertebrate Anatomy. 3rd edition University of Chicago Press Ltd. London, 1992.

बी.एम.सी.,बी.एउ-05/06/07 (G.B.) पार-II



Paper-1: Thermodynamics and Statistical Physics

Work Load: 2 hrs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: J Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of six parts of short answer type with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying thanks. Part (A) of second to fifth a small be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

System in thermal contact with a High transpoir (canonical distribution); Energy fluctuations: Enforce in thermal contact with a High transpoir (canonical distribution); Energy fluctuations: Enforce in the High transpoir (canonical distribution); Energy fluctuations: Enforce interaction and enthalpy; Ceneral interaction and first-law of thermodynamics, infinitesimal general interaction; Clino's free energy; Phase transitions: Clausius Clapeyron equation; Vapour pressure durve; Heat engine and efficiency of engine. Carnot's Cycle; Thermodynamic scale as an absolute scale: Maxwell relations and their applications.

Unit-2

Production of law temperatures and applications: Joule Thomson expansion and J I coefficients for ideal as well as Vander Waal's gas, porous plug experiment, temperature inversion, Regenerative cooling, Cooling by adiabatic expansion and demagnetization; Liquid Helium, He I and He II superfludity, Refrigeration through Helium dilution, Quest for absolute zero. Nernst heat theorem

The distribution of molecular velocities: Distribution law of molecular velocities, most probable inverse and r.m.s. velocities; Energy distribution function; effusion and molecular beam; Experimental verification of the Maxwell velocity distribution; The principle of equipartition of energy.

Transport phenomena: Mean free path, distribution of free paths, coefficients of viscosity, thermal conductivity, diffusion and their interaction.

Unit-3

tasical Statistics: Validity of Classical approximation; Phase space, micro and macro thermodynamic probability, relation between entropy and thermodynamic probability; until ideal gas. Barometric equation; there has capacity of diatomic gas, Her

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Island to the statistics of classical statistics; Postulates of classical statistics; and capability of classical statistics; Postulates o thermionic emission. Specific heat anomaly of metals; Nuclear spati statistics (para- and orthohydrogen).

Paper- II: Mathematical Physics and Special Theory of Relativity

Work Load: 2 hrs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of nine marks comprising of six parts of short answer type with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have two parts namely (A) and (B) each carrying 3 marks. Part (A) of second to fifth question shall be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

penal durvilinear coordinate system, scale factor, expression for gradient, divergence, curl air application to Cartesian, circular cyllinama and spherical polar coordinate. transformation and Jacobian transformation of covariant, contra-variant and mixed Laddition. multiplication multiplication of tensors; Metric tensor and its use in

La partition of tensors.

Dirac della function and its properties.

UNIT-2

Lorentz transformation, Length Contraction, Time Dilation, Mass variation, rotation in spacetime like and space like vector, world line, macro-causality.

Four vector formulation, energy momentum four vector, relativistic equation of motion. invariance of rest mass, orthogonality of four force and four velocity. Lorentz force as an example of four force, transformation of four frequency vector, longitudinal and transverse Doppler's effect.

Fransformation between laboratory and center of mass system, four momentum conservation, kinematics of decay products of unstable particles and reaction thresholds; Pair production, nelastic collision of two particles. Compton effect.

UNIT-3

(a) Transformation of electric and magnetic fields between two inertial frames. Electric measured in moving frames. Electric field of a point charge moving with constant velocity.

(b) The second order linear differential equation with variable so efficient and singular points.

Legendre's and Laguerre's and Laguerre's properties like orangeonality, recurrence relation graphical presentation and generating function of Hermite Lagendre and Leguerre functions (simple polications)

the seminarior variables and its application to following boundary value problems the caracteristic coordinate system-line charge between two caracteristics (ii) Helmholts the caracteristic coordinate system-line charge between two caracteristics (iii) Wave equation in spherical polar canadinates the sibrations of a circular membrane. (iv) Diffusion equation in two dimensional Cartesian coordinate system heat conduction in a time rectangular plate, (v) Laplace equation in spherical coordinate system-electric potential around a spherical surface.

Paper III: Electronics and Solid State Devices

Work Load: 2 hrs. Lecture /week

Examination Duration: 3 Hrs.

Scheme of Examination: First question will be of ten marks comprising of five parts of short answer type with answer not exceeding half a page. Remaining four questions will be set with one from each of the unit and will be of six marks each. Second to fifth question will have parts namely (A) and (B) each carried that the last (A) of second to fifth the small be compulsory and Part (B) of these questions will have internal choice.

Unit 1: Circula and and RN innetions

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Unit 2: Rectifiers and transistors

Rectifiers: Basic idea of Half-wave, full wave and bridge rectifier: calculation of ripple factor, efficiency and regulation. Filters: series inductor, shunt capacitor. L section and a-section filters. Voltage regulation and voltage stabilization by Zener diode, voltage multiplier.

Transistors: Notations and volt-ampere characteristics for bipolar Junctions transistor. Concept of load life and operating point Hybrid parameters. CB, CE, CC configurations. Junction field effect transistor (MOSFET) and metal oxide semiconductor filed effect transistor (MOSFET). Circuit symbols, biasing and volt-ampere characteristics, source follower operation of FET as variable voltage resister.

Unit 3: Transistor biasing and amplifiers

biasing: Need of bias and stability of Comments and stability of Comments and stability of Comments and stability fixed bias, colleges to base feedback bias and four resistor

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pers: Analysis of transistor amplifies are subsided parameters and its gain-frequency plans idea of Cascade amplifier, area careful and R.C compled amplifiers, Amplifier and regative feedback, voltage and current parameters. Advantage of neutral comback. Stabilization of gain: effect of negative feedback and instabilization of gain; effect on gain.

frequency response

Unit 4: Oscillators and Logic Circuits

Oscillators criteria for self-excited and self-sustained oscillation, circuit requirement for buildop of oscillation. Basic transistor oscillator circuit and its analysis. Colpiti's and Hartely oscillators. R.C.Oscillators

Logic circultic Logic fundamentals. AND, OR, NOT, NOR, NAND, XOR gates, Boolean algebra, De Morgan's theorem, positive and negative logic, logic gates circuit realization using DTI and LTI logic, simplification of Boolean expressions.

Reference Books:-

John D. Ryder, Electronic Fundamentals and Application, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. 13d. New Delhi.

2. June B. Ryder, Engineering Electronics, McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi.

Jacob Millman and Christosc Haikles, Integrated Flectunics, Analog and Digital Circuits and systems: McGraw- Hill Ltd. (1972).

Albert Paul Malvino. Digital Computer Electronics, Tata McGraw-Hill Pub. Co. Ltd., New Delhi (1983).

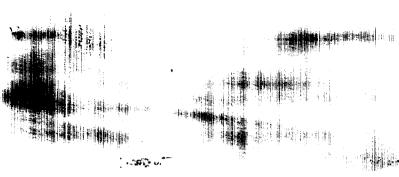
Sumar & Ciupta, Hand book of Electronics.

Mithal, Electronics Devices and Applications

Jan Regital Electronics.

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7. G.K. Mithal, Electronics Devices and Applications.

8. R.P. Jain, Digital Electronics.

PRACTICAL

Teaching: 4 hrs/week Fractical One-Paper Min Fass Marks: 18

5 hrs. duration

Max: Marks: 50

Note: Total number of experiments to be performed by the students during the session should be 16 selecting any 8 from each section.

Section-A

Les Study of dependence of velocity of wave propagation on line parameter using torsional wave appearants.

2. Study of variation of reflection can be appearant.

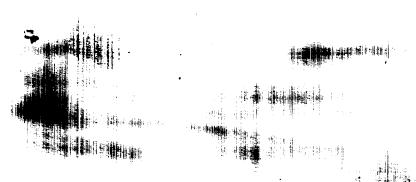
2. Study-of variation of reflection control in the state of ferrance tion using tossional wave apparatus.

- 3. Using platinum resistance the smem are find the molting point of agreen substance.
- 4 thising Mewton's sures method find out the wave-length of a
- monochromatic sound and find the refractive index of liquid.

 I willing Micheloson's interpretation find the warmlength of "
 given monochromatic sounce (Sodium Light)
- 6. To determine dispersive power of prism.
- 7. To determine wave length of sodium light using grating.
- 8. To determine wave length of sodium light using Biprism?
- 9. Determine the thermodynamic constant $\gamma = \frac{C_2}{C_3}$ using Clement's & Desorme's method.
- 10. To determine thermal conductivity of a bad conductor by Leo's
- Determination of ballistic constant of a ballistic galvariometer.
- 12. Study of variation of total thermal radiation with temperature.
- 1. Plot thermo emf versus temperature graph and find the neutral temperature (Use sand bah),
- 2. Study of power strictly using two strenge rectifier with various filter circuits.

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- 3. Study of half wave rectifier using single dance and application of L and π section-filters.
- 4. To study characteristics of a given transistor PNP/NPN (common emitter, common base and common coffector configurtainos).
- 5. Determination of band gap using a junction diode.
- 6. Determination of power lastor (cos:θ) of a given coil using
- 7. Study of single stage transistor audio amphifier (Variation of gain with frequency).
- 3. To determine teluriby Thomson's method.

- 19. Determination of welcelty of sound in air by stabiling wave
 smethod using speaker in complete and the stabiling wave
 sto. Measurement of inductances and the stabiling wave
 11. Measurement of capacitance and the lectric constitution at insuld and gang condensor by de Super builge.

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MATHEMATICS

Teaching: 3 Hours per Week der Tacory Paper.

2 Hours per Week per Baich for Practical
(26 candidates in each batch)

xamination:

A vanination:	Min.Pass Matte		Max. Marks
Scheme:	Science - 54		150
Paper – I	Real Analysis and Metric Space	Duration 3 hrs.	Max.Marks 40 (Science)
Paper – II	Differential Equations	3 hrs.	40 (Science)
Paper – ΠΙ	Numerical Analysis and Vector Calculus	3 hrs.	40 (Science)
Praetical	Numerical Methods	2 hrs.	30 (Science)

Note:

Common paper will be set for the me Faculties of Social Science and Science. However, the marks obtained by the candidate in the case of Faculty of Social Science will be converted according to the ratio of the maximum marks of the papers in the two Faculties.

Each candidate is negligibled to appear in the Practical examination to be conducted internal and external examiners. External examiner will be appointed by the University and internal examiner will be appointed by the Principal in consultation with Local Head/Head, Department of Mathematics in the college.

- 3. An Internal/external examiner can conduct Practical Examination of not more than 100 (Hundred) Candidates. (20 candidates in each batch)
- 4. Each candidate has to pass in Theory and Practical examinations separately.

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Priper - I: Real Analysis and Metric Paris | Priper - I: Real Analysis and Metric | Priper - I:

Max. Marks: 40 (Science)

Note: This paper is divided into FIVE Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit.

Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Real numbers as complete ordered field, Limit point. Bolzano-Weierstrass theorem. Closed and Open sets, Union and Intersection of such sets. Concept of compactness. Heine-Borel theorem. Connected sets.

Real sequences- Limit and Convergence of a sequence. Monotonic sequences.

Unit 2: Cauchy's sequences, Subsequences, Cauchy's general principle of convergence. Properties of continuous functions on closed intervals. Properties of derivable functions, Darboux's and Rolle's theorem.

Unit 3: Notion of limit, continuity and differentiability for functions of two variables. Riemann integration - Lower and Upper Riemann integrals, Riemann integrability, Mean value theorem of integral calculus, Fundamental theorem of integral calculus.

Thit 4: Functions of bounded variations. Sequence and series of functions – Pointwise and Uniform convergence, Cauchy's criterion. Weierstrass M-test, Abel's test, Dirichlet's test for uniform convergence of series of series of series of functions, Term by term differentiation and integration.

Unit 5: Metric space - Definition and examples. Open and Closed sets. Interior and Closure of a set, Limit point of a set.

Subspace of a metric space and space. Continuous mappings, Sequence in a metric space, Sequence.

Reference Books:

- Shanti Narayan and M.D. Raisinghania. Elements of Real Analysis. S. Chand & Co., N.D., 2008.
- S. Kumaresan, Topology of Metric Spaces, Narosa Publishing House, Second Edition 2011.
- 3. K.A. Ross, Elementary Analysis: The Theory of Calculus, Undergraduate Texts in Mathematics, Springer (SIE), Indian reprint, 2004.
- 4. R.G. Bartle D.R. Sherbert, Introduction to Real Analysis (3rd edition), John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt. Ltd., Singapore, 2002.
- Charles G. Denlinger, Elements of Real Analysis, Jones and Bartlett (Student Edition), 2011.
- G. F. Simmons, Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis, Mcgraw-Hill, Edition 2004.
- 7. T.M.Apostol, Mathematical Analysis, Narosa Pub. House, N.D., 2000.
- 8. R.R.Goldberg, Real Analysis, Oxford & IRIL Pale Co., N.D. 1999.

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Paper – II: Differential Equations
Teaching: 3 Hours per Week
Duration of Examination: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40 (Science)

Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE question from each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

Unit 1: Degree and order of a differential equation. Equations of first order and first degree. Equations in which the variables are separable. Homogeneous equations and equations reducible to homogeneous form. Linear equations and equations reducible to linear form. Exact differential equations and equations which can be made exact.

Unit 2: First order but higher degree differential equations solvable for x,y and p. Clairaut's form and singular solutions with Extraneous Loci. Linear differential equations with constant coefficients, Complimentary function and Particular integral.

Unit 3: Homogeneous linear differential equations. Simultaneous differential equations. Existence and uniqueness theorem.

Unit 4: Linear differential equations of second order Linear independence of solutions. Solution by transformation of the changing the dependent variable/the independent variable, Factorization of operators, Method of variation of parameters. We thou of undetermined coefficients.

Unit 5: Partial differential equations of the first order. Lagrange's linear equation. Charpit's general method of an article of the first order. Lagrange's linear equation. Charpit's general method of the first order and non-homogeneous linear partial equations with constant coefficients. Equations reducible to equations with constant coefficients.

Reference Books:

- M.D. Raisinghania, Ordinary and Partial Differential Equations, S. Chand & Co., 2003.
- M.Ray, A Text Book on Differential Equations, Students and Friends Co., Agra, 1998.
- E.A. Codington, An Introduction to Ordinary Differential Equations, Prentice Hall of India, 1961.
- 4. R.S. Senger, Ordinary Differential Equations with Integration, Prayal Publ. 2000.
- 5. D.A. Murray, Introductory Course in Differential Equations, Orient Longman [1] (India), 1967.
- 6. Frank Ayres, Theory and Problems of Differential Equations, TMH, 2002.
- 7. I.N. Snedon, Elements of Partial Differential Equations, TMH, 2001.

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Raper - III: Numerical Analysis and Vector Calculus ching: 3 Hours per Week **解** 知识 第二十十二 Buration of Examination : 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 40 (Science)

Note: (i) This paper is distributed the Units. TWO questions will be set from each Unit. Candidates are required to attempt FIVE questions in all taking ONE questions each Unit. All questions carry equal marks.

ii) Non-Programma descriptions (Calculators are allowed.

Unit 1: Differences. Relation between differences and derivatives. Differences of a polynomial. Newton's formulae for forward and backward interpolation. Divided differences. Newton's divided difference. Lagrange's interpolation formula.

Unit 2: Central differences. Gauss's, Stirling's and Bessel's interpolation formulae. Numerical Differentiation. Derivatives from interpolation formulae. Numerical integration. Derivations of general quadrature formulas. Trapazoidal rule. Simpson's onethird. Simpson's three-eighth and Gauss's quadrature formulae.

Unit 3: Relation between the roots and coefficients of general polynomial equation in one variable, transformation of equations, Descarte's rule of signs, solution of cubic equations by Cardon's method, biquadratic equations by Ferari's method.

Minnerical solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations, Bisection method, Secant method, Regula-Falsi method, Iteration method, Newton-Raphson Method (derivation of formulae and rate of convergence only),

United: Gauss elimination and Ismating methods (Jacobi and Gauss Seidal) for solving system of linear algebraic equations of provided provided Plyoting method, ill conditioned systems, humarical solutions of ordinary differential equations of first order with initial condition using Picard's. Euler and impedified Euler's method.

5: scalar and Vector point functions. Differentiation and integration of vector point functions. Directional derivative. Differential operators. Directional derivative and Curl. Theorems of Gauss, Green. Stokes (without proof) and problems based on these theorems.

Reference Books:

- 1. H.C. Saxena, Calculus of Finite Differences and Numerical Analysis, S.Chand & Co., N.D., 1986.
- 2. Shanti Narayan and J.N. Kapur, A Text Book of Vector Calculus, S.Chand, 1966.

3. Murray R. Spiegel, Vector Analysis, McGraw-Hill, 1959.

- B. Bradie, A Friendly Introduction to Numerical Analysis, Pearson Education, India, 2007.
- C. F. Gerald and P. O. Wheatley, Applied Numerical Analysis, Pearson Education, India,7th edition, 2008.
- 6. C.F. Gerald, P.O. Wheatley, Applied Numerical Analysis, Addison-Wesley, 1998

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actical: Numerical Methods

ching: 2 Hours per Week per Batan

Examination:	H. 18	Duration: 2	Hours
Scheme		Beience	Á.SE
Mar Marks	N THE	30	443
Vin.Pass Marks		10	
Marks:	114		
Two Practicals one from ea	ach grou	ID	
10 Marks each	=	20 Marks (13 Marks each)	26
Practical Record	=	05 Marks	07
Viva-voce	=	05 Marks	07
Total Marks	=	30 Marks	40

Group A: Numerical integration using Trapezoidal and Simpson's rules.Numerical solution of Algebraic and Transcendental equations using

(i) Bisection method, (ii) Secant method (iii) Regula-Falsi method (iv) Iteration method.

(v) Newton-Raphson Method.

Group B: Numerical Solution of system of linear equations by Gauss elimination, Jacobi and Guass-Seidel methods. Solution of linear differential equations of first order and first degree with initial and boundary condition using modified Euler's method. Runge-Kutta with order method.

Problems will be solved by using the Calculators (non-Programmable) Candidates must know about all functions and operations of Scientific Calculator. Each Candidate (Regular confidents) has to prepare his/her practical record. Each Candidate has to pass in Practical and Theory examinations separately.

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